

# F-Theory duals of heterotic K3 orbifolds

Fabian Ruehle

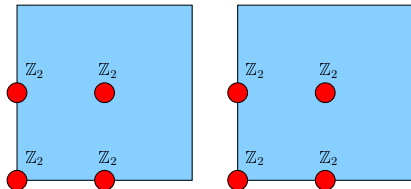
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Hamburg

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07/08/2014



Based on Ludeling, Ruehle: [\[1405.2928\]](#)

# $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_2$ Orbifold

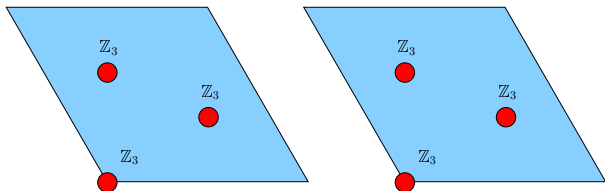


## Details

- $\theta : (z_1, z_2) \mapsto (e^{2\pi i/2} z_1, e^{-2\pi i/2} z_2) = (-z_1, -z_2)$
- Singularities:  $4 \cdot 4 = 16 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$
- Gauge group:  $E_7 \times SU(2) \times (E_8)$
- Spectrum:  $[(\mathbf{56}, \mathbf{2}) + 4(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})]_U + [8(\mathbf{56}, \mathbf{1}) + 32(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})]_T$
- Note:
  - ▶  $(\mathbf{56}, \mathbf{1}), (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})$  pseudo-real  $\Rightarrow$  half-hypers
  - ▶ Complex structures  $\tau_{1,2}$ , radii  $b_{1,2}$  of tori unfixed

[cf. talk by Vaudrevange] (spectrums from [Honecker, Trapletti])

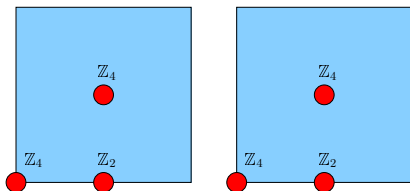
# $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_3$ Orbifold



## Details

- $\theta : (z_1, z_2) \mapsto (e^{2\pi i/3} z_1, e^{-2\pi i/3} z_2)$
- Singularities:  $3 \cdot 3 = 9 \times \mathbb{Z}_3$
- Gauge group:  $E_7 \times U(1) \times (E_8)$
- Spectrum:  $[(\mathbf{56})_1 + (\mathbf{1})_2 + 2(\mathbf{1})_0]_U + [9(\mathbf{56}) + 63(\mathbf{1})]_T$
- Note:
  - ▶ States differ by  $U(1)$  charges, all full hypers
  - ▶ CS fixed by rotation to  $\tau_{1,2} = e^{2\pi i/3}$ , radii  $b_{1,2}$  unfixed

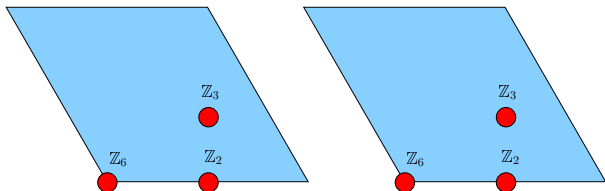
# $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_4$ Orbifold



## Details

- $\theta : (z_1, z_2) \mapsto (e^{2\pi i/4} z_1, e^{-2\pi i/4} z_2) = (iz_1, -iz_2)$
- Singularities:  $2 \times \mathbb{Z}_4, 1 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$  per  $T^2$
- Gauge group:  $E_7 \times U(1) \times (E_8)$
- Spectrum:  $[(\mathbf{56})_1 + 2(\mathbf{1})_0]_U + [9(\mathbf{56}) + 64(\mathbf{1})]_T$
- Note:
  - ▶ States differ by  $U(1)$  charges, 5  $(\mathbf{56})_0$  are 10 half-hypers
  - ▶ CS fixed by rotation to  $\tau_{1,2} = i$ , radii  $b_{1,2}$  unfixed

# $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_6$ Orbifold



## Details

- $\theta : (z_1, z_2) \mapsto (e^{2\pi i/6} z_1, e^{-2\pi i/6} z_2)$
- Singularities:  $1 \times \mathbb{Z}_6, 1 \times \mathbb{Z}_3, 1 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$  per  $T^2$
- Gauge group:  $E_7 \times U(1) \times (E_8)$
- Spectrum:  $[(\mathbf{56})_1 + 2(\mathbf{1})_0]_U + [9(\mathbf{56}) + 64(\mathbf{1})]_T$
- Note:
  - ▶ States differ by  $U(1)$  charges, 3  $(\mathbf{56})_0$  are 6 half-hypers
  - ▶ CS fixed by rotation to  $\tau_{1,2} = e^{2\pi i/3}$ , radii  $b_{1,2}$  unfixed

# Introduction to F-theory

## Constraints for heterotic duality

- F-theory: Introduce extra torus whose CS encodes varying Type II axio-dilaton  $\Rightarrow$  CY 3-fold [Vafa]

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  - ▶ elliptic fibration over base  $B_2$
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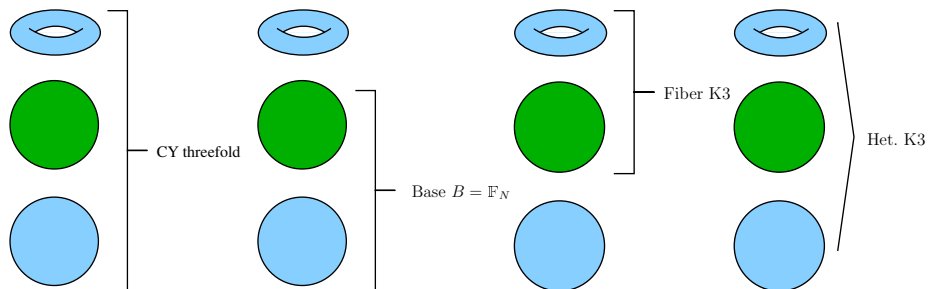


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- Second  $E_8$  unbroken in standard embedding  $\Rightarrow N = 12$

# Introduction to F-theory

## Weierstrass description of elliptic fibration

- Equation:  $y^2 = x^3 + fxz^4 + gz^6$  ( $f, g$  sections of base  $\mathbb{F}_{12}$ )
- Discriminant:  $\Delta = 4f^3 + 27g^2$  [cf. talks Palti, Cvetic, Schafer-Nameki]
- $j$ -function:  $j(\tau) = f^3/\Delta$   $j(i) = 1$ ,  $j(e^{2\pi i/3}) = 0$

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Scaling	$s$	$t$	$u$	$v$	$x$	$y$	$z$	$f$	$g$	$\Delta$
$\lambda$	1	1	12	0	28	42	0	56	84	168
$\mu$	0	0	1	1	4	6	0	8	12	24
$\nu$	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	0	0

## Expand $f, g$ in $u, v, s, t$

$$f = c_{56}v^8 + c_{44}uv^7 + c_{32}u^2v^6 + c_{20}u^3v^5 + c_8u^4v^4$$

$$g = d_{84}v^{12} + d_{72}uv^{11} + d_{60}u^2v^{10} + d_{48}u^3v^9 + d_{36}u^4v^8 + d_{24}u^5v^7 + d_{12}u^6v^6 + d_0u^7v^5$$

# $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_2$ Orbifold case – Ansatz

Heterotic side:  $E_7 \times SU(2) \times E_8$

- Spectrum:  $(\mathbf{56}, \mathbf{2}) + 8(\mathbf{56}, \mathbf{1}) + 32(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}) + 4(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})$



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F-theory side

- Restrict  $f, g$  and relate  $c_i, d_j$  s.t.  $III^*, I_2, II^*$  appear:
- $f = u^3 v^4(\dots)$ ,  $g = u^5 v^5(\dots)$ ,  $\Delta = u^9 v^{10}(u + p_{12}v)^2 \Delta_{\text{red}}$

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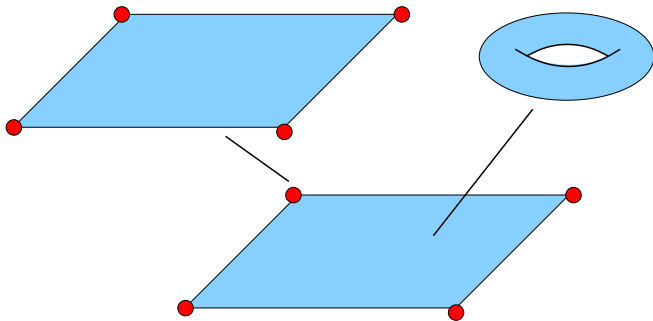
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- $\{u = 0\} \cap \{u + p_{12}v = 0\} \Rightarrow$  expect  $12 \times (\mathbf{56}, \mathbf{2})$ , not 1
- $\{\Delta_{\text{red}} = 0\} \cap \{u + p_{12}v = 0\} \Rightarrow$  expect multiples of 12 for hypers  $(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2})$ , not 32

# Duals for $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_2$ Orbifold

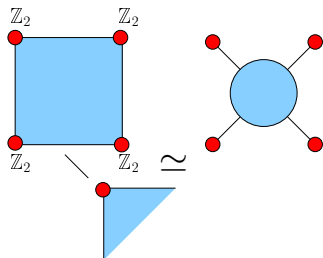


## Alternative way of looking at the orbifold geometry

- Smooth fiber torus in the bulk of the base (away from singularities)
- Four fiber singularities over each base singularity

[Braun,Ebert,Hebecker,Valandro; Buchmüller,Louis,Schmidt,Valandro]

# Duals for $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_2$ Orbifold



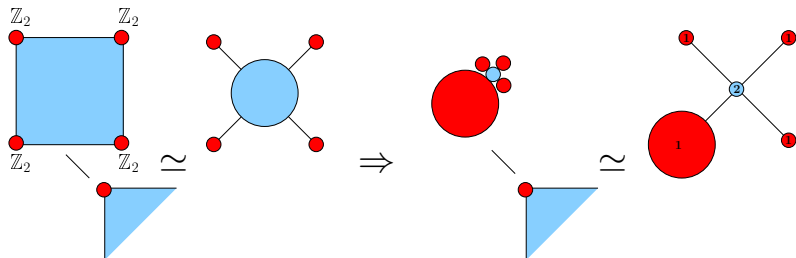
## Idea

Find Weierstrass description of heterotic model w/ base  $\mathbb{P}^1 (s, t)$  and fiber  $T^2 (x, y, z)$

- 1 Pick one section (i.e. one pillow corner)



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## Idea

Find Weierstrass description of heterotic model w/ base  $\mathbb{P}^1 (s, t)$  and fiber  $T^2 (x, y, z)$

- 1 Pick one section (i.e. one pillow corner)
- 2 Blow up fiber singularity it hits (replace  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  singularity w/  $\mathbb{P}^1$ )
- 3 Blow down other finite fiber component (original fiber pillow)

Same method also used in [\[Braun,Ebert,Hebecker,Valandro\]](#)

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- Need vanishing  $(f_8^H, g_{12}^H, \Delta_{24}^H) = (2, 3, 6) @ 4$  points

$$f_8^H = \alpha p_4^2, \quad g_{12}^H = \beta p_4^3, \quad \Delta_{24}^H = (\alpha^3 + \beta^2) p_4^6$$

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- Numerical coefficients  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \kappa$  related amongst each other to lead to factorization

# Duals for $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_2$ Orbifold

## Spectrum

- $E_8$  at  $v = 0$ ,  $E_7$  at  $u = 0$ ,  $I_2$  at  $(u + 6p_4^3 v) = 0$ ,  $I_1$  at  $(\dots) = 0$

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## Spectrum

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- Nothing intersects  $v=0$ , everything else intersects @  $u=p_4=0$
- Quantization in multiples of 12 broken to multiples of 4
- Get **(56)**'s by deforming  $l_2$  away and matching w/ SE
  - ▶ 4 half-hypers at  $u = p_4 = 0 \leftrightarrow \mathbf{(56, 2)}$
  - ▶ 16 half-hypers at  $u + 6p_4^3 v = (\dots) = 0 \leftrightarrow \mathbf{(56, 1)}$

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## Spectrum

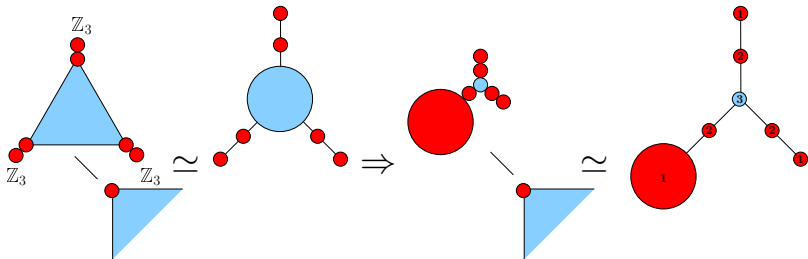
- $E_8$  at  $v = 0$ ,  $E_7$  at  $u = 0$ ,  $l_2$  at  $(u + 6p_4^3 v) = 0$ ,  $l_1$  at  $(\dots) = 0$
- Nothing intersects  $v=0$ , everything else intersects @  $u=p_4=0$
- Quantization in multiples of 12 broken to multiples of 4
- Get **(56)**'s by deforming  $l_2$  away and matching w/ SE
  - ▶ 4 half-hypers at  $u = p_4 = 0 \leftrightarrow$  **(56, 2)**
  - ▶ 16 half-hypers at  $u + 6p_4^3 v = (\dots) = 0 \leftrightarrow$  **(56, 1)**
- Get **(1)**'s from parameters in the Weierstrass equation
  - ▶ In total 9: 5 from  $p_4$  and  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \kappa$
  - ▶ 5 are related  $\Rightarrow$  four singlets

# Duals for $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_2$ Orbifold

## Spectrum

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- Get **(2)**'s from parameters that destroy  $l_2$  locus  $\rightarrow$  smooth SE
  - ▶ 69 overall in  $c_{20}, c_8, d_{24}, d_{12}, d_0$
  - ▶ Subtract 1 scaling, 4 singlets preserving  $l_2 \Rightarrow$  64 half-hyper **(2)**

# Duals for $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_3$ Orbifold



## Results for heterotic Weierstrass

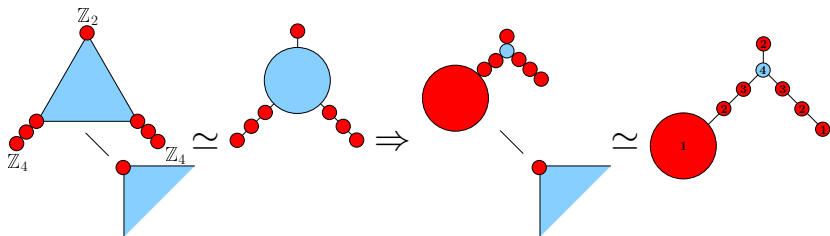
- Get Weierstrass model with three  $E_6$  singularities
- Heterotic Weierstrass:  $y^2 = x^3 + f_8^H xz^4 + g_{12}^H z^6$
- Need vanishing  $(f_8^H, g_{12}^H, \Delta_{24}^H) = (\geq 3, 4, 8)$

$$f_8^H \equiv 0, \quad g_{12}^H = \beta p_3^4, \quad \Delta_{24}^H = (\beta^2) p_3^8$$

- $j(\tau) = (f_8^H)^3 / \Delta_{24}^H = 0 \Rightarrow$  CS fixed to  $\tau = e^{2\pi i/3}$



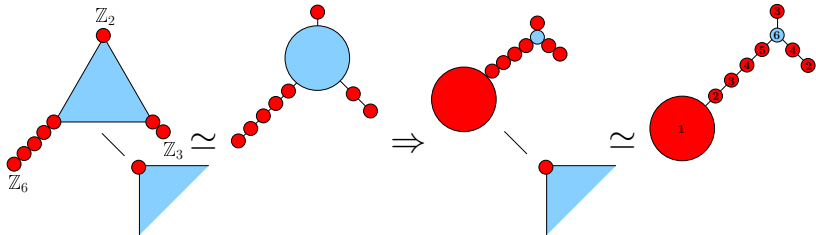
# Duals for $T^4/\mathbb{Z}_4$ Orbifold



## Results for heterotic Weierstrass

- Get Weierstrass model with two  $E_7$ , one  $D_4$  singularities
- Heterotic Weierstrass:  $y^2 = x^3 + f_8^H xz^4 + g_{12}^H z^6$
- At  $E_7$  need vanishing  $(f_8^H, g_{12}^H, \Delta_{24}^H) = (3, \geq 5, 9)$   
At  $D_4$  need vanishing  $(f_8^H, g_{12}^H, \Delta_{24}^H) = (2, \geq 3, 6)$
- Combined vanishing  $(8, \geq 13, 24) \Rightarrow f_8^H = \alpha p_1^3 q_1^3 r_1^2, g_{12}^H \equiv 0$
- $j(\tau) = (f_8^H)^3 / \Delta_{24}^H = (f_8^H)^3 / (f_8^H)^3 = 1 \Rightarrow$  CS fixed to  $\tau = i$

# Duals for $T^6/\mathbb{Z}_6$ Orbifold



## Results for heterotic Weierstrass

- Get Weierstrass model with one  $E_8$ ,  $E_6$ ,  $D_4$  singularities

- Heterotic Weierstrass:  $y^2 = x^3 + f_8^H xz^4 + g_{12}^H z^6$

- At  $E_8$   $(f_8^H, g_{12}^H, \Delta_{24}^H) = (\geq 4, 5, 10)$

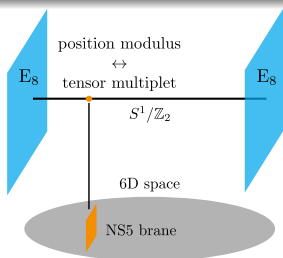
At  $E_6$   $(f_8^H, g_{12}^H, \Delta_{24}^H) = (3, 4, 8)$

At  $D_4$   $(f_8^H, g_{12}^H, \Delta_{24}^H) = (\geq 2, 3, 6)$

Combined vanishing  $(\geq 9, 12, 24) \Rightarrow f_8^H \equiv 0, g_{12}^H = \beta p_1^5 q_1^4 r_1^3$

- $j(\tau) = (f_8^H)^3 / \Delta_{24}^H = 0 \Rightarrow$  CS fixed to  $\tau = e^{2\pi i/3}$

# General gauge sector with different instanton embedding



## Construction

- Embedding instantons as  $(12 + N, 12 - N) \leftrightarrow \mathbb{F}_N$
- Transition from  $\mathbb{F}_N$  to  $\mathbb{F}_{N\pm 1} \leftrightarrow$  blowup/blowdown in base
- Base Blowup introduces extra tensor multiplet whose scalar component encodes NS5 brane position in  $S^1/\mathbb{Z}_2$  in the Hořava–Witten theory [Hořava,Witten]
- NS5 brane leaves one  $E_8$  brane, travels through bulk, recombines with other  $E_8$  brane [Seiberg,Witten;Morrison,Vafa]

# Conclusion

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Fractional instantons, unbroken GG, everything @ FPs

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- Blow up corner, blow down pillow
  - ▶ Weierstrass polynomial coefficients from het. side
  - ▶ Fixes complex structure of tori as needed by orbifold
  - ▶  $\mathbb{Z}_N$  orbifolds have central node w/ multiplicity  $N$

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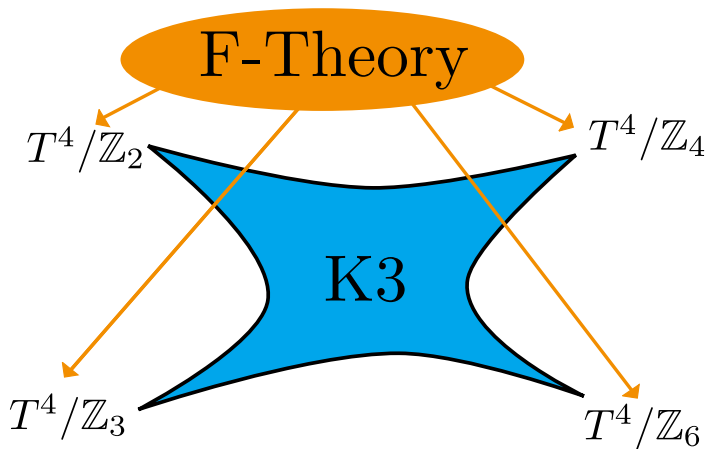
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## Outlook

- Apply to 4D models
- Use description w/o section
- Compare to M-Theory w/ frozen singularities





**Thank you for your attention!**